

Combining growth and fiscal sustainability: A European action plan

EU2020 – What role for European business?

18 March 2010

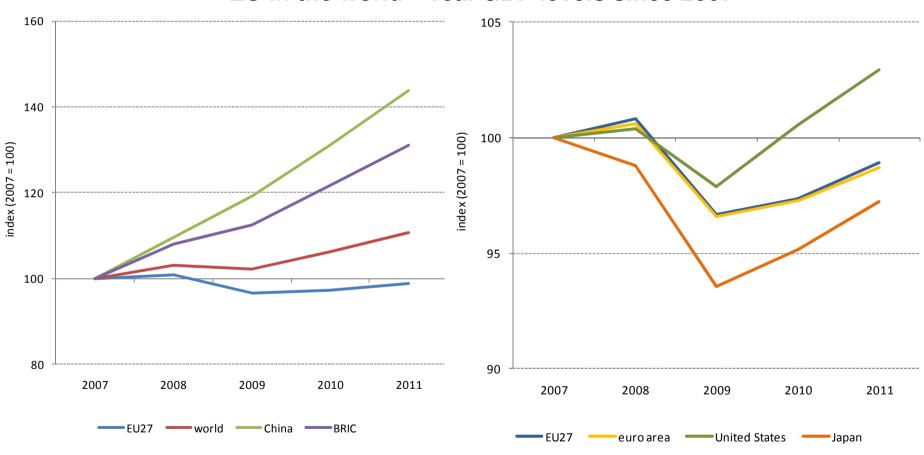
Marc Stocker – Economics Director







EU in the world - real GDP levels since 2007



Source: BUSINESSEUROPE, IMF



Greater sense of urgency needed...



At EU level:

- Revitalise the internal market
- Develop a truly integrated industrial policy
- Foster a more innovation-based economy
- Open access to international markets

At national level:

- Put a break on public debt
- Commit to far-reaching reforms

Reform priorities identified by BUSINESSEUROPE members



	Priorities
1	Orientation and sustainability of public finances
2	Financial markets and access to finance
3	Education and lifelong learning
4	Sector-specific regulation
5	R&D and innovation

Source: BUSINESSEUROPE



The targets for the new EU strategy

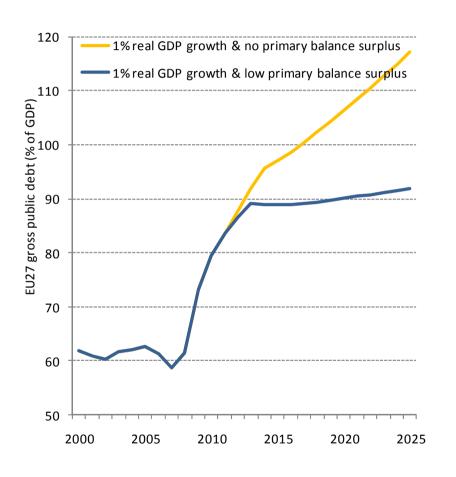


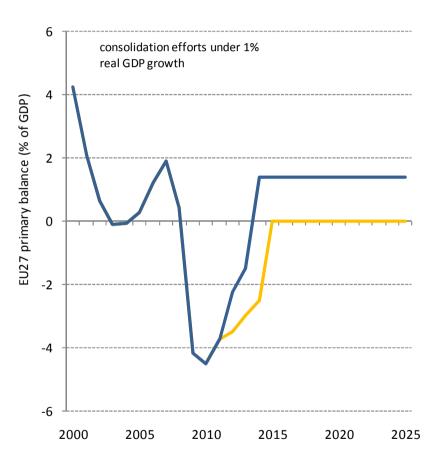
- Double Europe's growth potential (at least 2% by 2014);
- Employment rate: 70% by 2014, 75% by 2020;
- R&D spending: 3% of GDP;
- Clear timeframe to bring public debt back to pre-crisis levels;
- Greater link between fiscal consolidation and structural reforms;
- Develop a true benchmarking culture and avoid complacency



Public debt scenarios: I. weak growth, insufficient consolidation





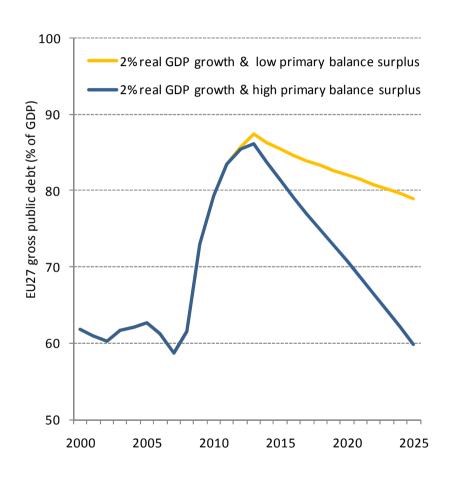


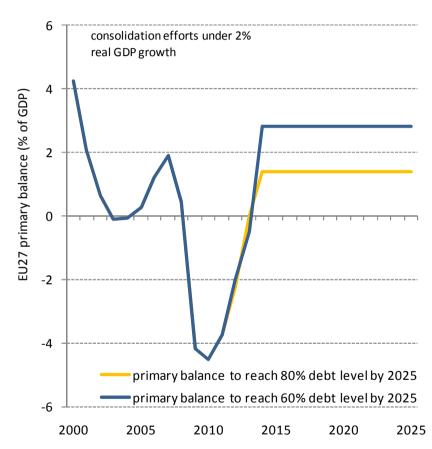
Source: BUSINESSEUROPE based on European Commission (AMECO) and calculations of Federation of Austrian Industries (IV)



M. Stocker 18 March 2010

Debt consolidation scenarios: II. sustained growth, sufficient consolidation





Source: BUSINESSEUROPE based on European Commission (AMECO) and calculations of Federation of Austrian Industries (IV)



The way forward – a two-pillar strategy



1. Exit strategy: credible targets, expenditures cuts and social system reforms

- Tighter fiscal rules and institutions
- Greater efficiency of public administrations and credible cost-cutting measures
- Increased scope for public-private partnership
- Reforms of pension and healthcare systems



The way forward – a two-pillar strategy



2. <u>Entry strategy</u>: growth-enhancing investment and tax reforms

- Higher return on education and training
- More and better targeted efforts in R&D and innovation
- Need to prioritise infrastructure investments
- Growth-enhancing tax reforms

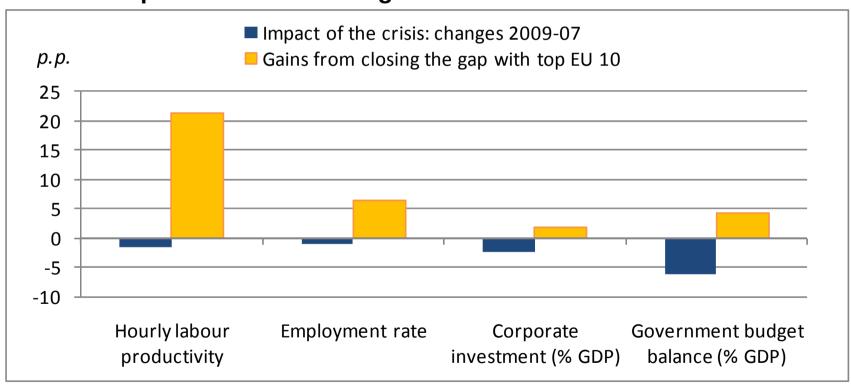


Complementary reforms of product and labour markets...



"Benchmarking our way out of the crisis"

Impact of the crisis vs. gains of reforms in the EU



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Source: BUSINESSEUROPE based on European Commission, AMECO database





The indicators

The benchmark covers 20 indicators from 3 main areas:

- 1. Productivity, Investment and Competitiveness
 - Productivity levels, corporate investment (as % GDP); gain in export market share, cost competitiveness, current account position
- 2. Employment, Labour Participation and Hours Worked
 - Labour utilisation; unemployment rate; annual hours worked;
 labour participation, share of working age population
- 3. Public Finances and Fiscal Sustainability
 - Public Debt and Deficit (% GDP); public investment, tax burden, cost of ageing and dependency ratio



Country positions in our Spring 2010 Reform Barometer



Table 2: Overall assessment based on selected indicators in 2009

Above average	Austria Cyprus Czech Republic Denmark Finland Germany Luxembourg Netherlands Norway Poland Slovakia Sweden Switzerland But losing ground: Ireland, Slovenia
Below average	But showing greater resilience: Bulgaria, Hungary, France Belgium Estonia Greece Italy Latvia Lithuania Malta Portugal Romania Spain United Kingdom

Source: BUSINESSEUROPE based on European Commission, AMECO database







EU2020:

good diagnostic but new means of delivery? More needed:

- Intermediary targets (2014), greater sense of urgency
- National accountability (scoreboards, benchmarking)
- Link between growth, fiscal and financial stability
- Governance of the euro area
- Bole of the Commission and the Council

More information on www.businesseurope.eu



"Combining Fiscal Sustainability and Growth: a European Action Plan"

"Benchmarking Our Way Out of the Crisis" European Reform Barometer - Spring 2010

